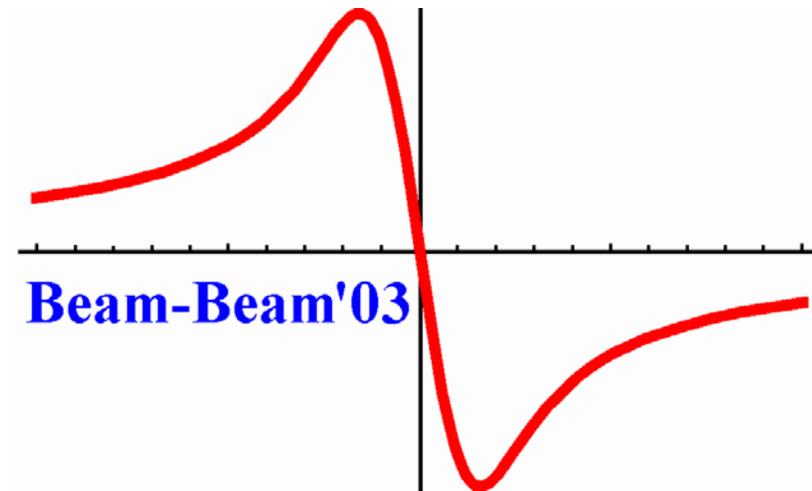


# Beam-Beam '03 Summary

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**T. Sen and W. Fischer**

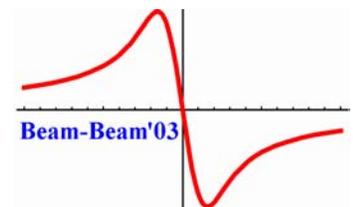


Montauk, Long Island  
20 – 23 May 2003

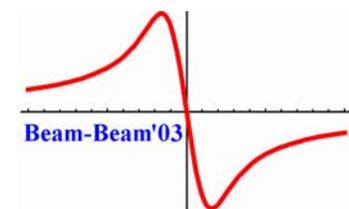
Three questions:

1. Are coherent modes a real danger for hadron colliders?
2. Can long-range compensations schemes work in practice?
3. What can theory and simulations predict for collider performance?

[These questions are geared towards hadron colliders, but we do like to hear experiences from lepton machines and ideas from other fields.]



- Y. Alexahin, [FNAL](#)
- J. Ellison, [University of New Mexico](#)
- B. Erdelyi, [FNAL](#)
- W. Fischer, [BNL](#)
- L. Jin, [University of Kansas](#)
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- K. Ohmi, [KEK](#)
- J. Qiang, [LBNL](#)
- J. Rogers, [Cornell](#)
- T. Sen, [FNAL](#)
- A. Sobol, [University of New Mexico](#)
- J. Shi, [University of Kansas](#)
- V. Shiltsev, [FNAL](#)
- F. Zimmermann, [CERN](#)



# 1. Are coherent modes a real danger for hadron colliders?

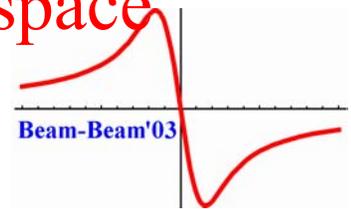
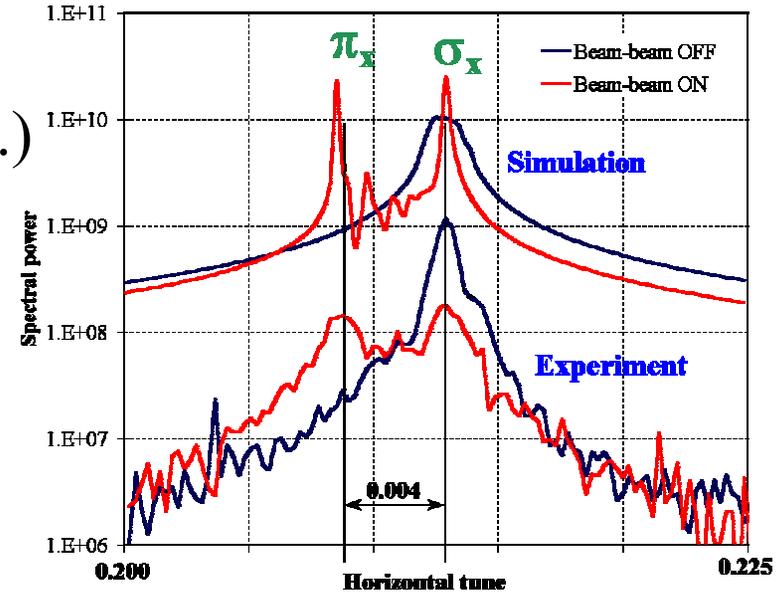
- Observations in hadron colliders:

- $\pi$ -modes in RHIC observed at expected frequency (Yokoya et al.)
- Unstable p-beam in Tevatron blows up pbar-beam
- Weak  $e^+$ -beam near low order resonance in HERA increases strong p-beam emittance

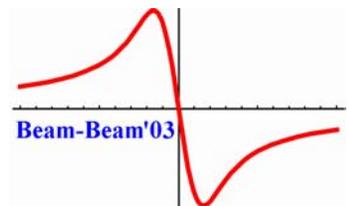
- Potential dangers:

- $\pi$ -modes may not be damped in hadron colliders
- Coupled-beam resonances restrict the tune space

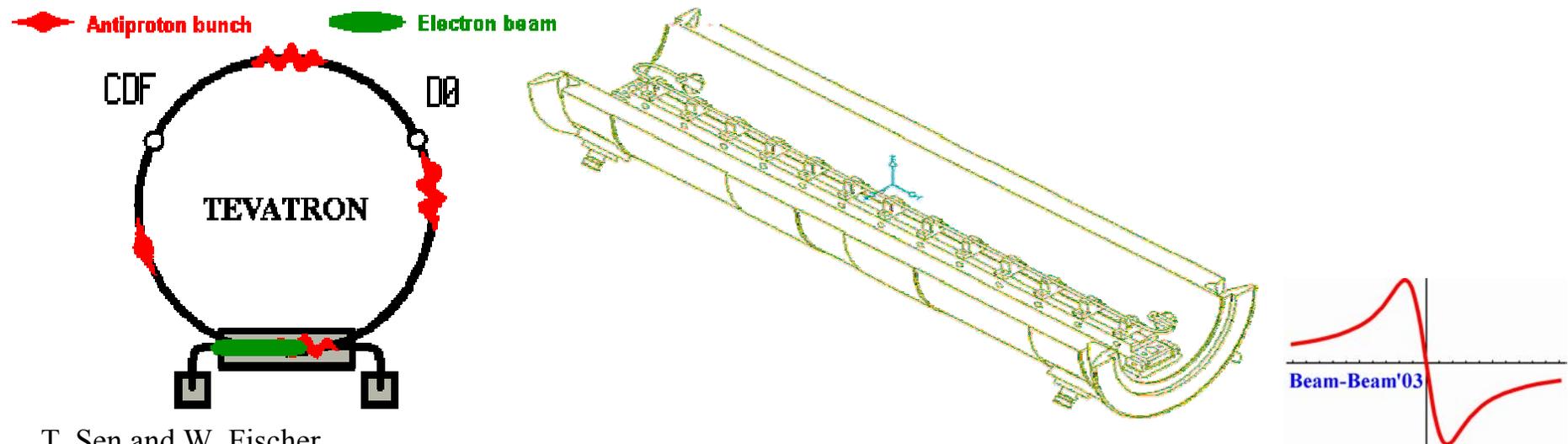
$\pi$ -modes in RHIC



- Plans for the future:
  - Tevatron pbar intensities reach half the p intensity
  - RHIC beam-beam parameter is doubled
  - LHC operation with equal intensities
- $\pi$ -modes may be suppressed by
  - Tune split between beams (works in RHIC so far)
  - Appropriate phase advances between IPs
  - Different intensities ( $r < 0.6$ )
  - Long bunches and synchrotron sidebands ( $Q_s \sim \xi$ )

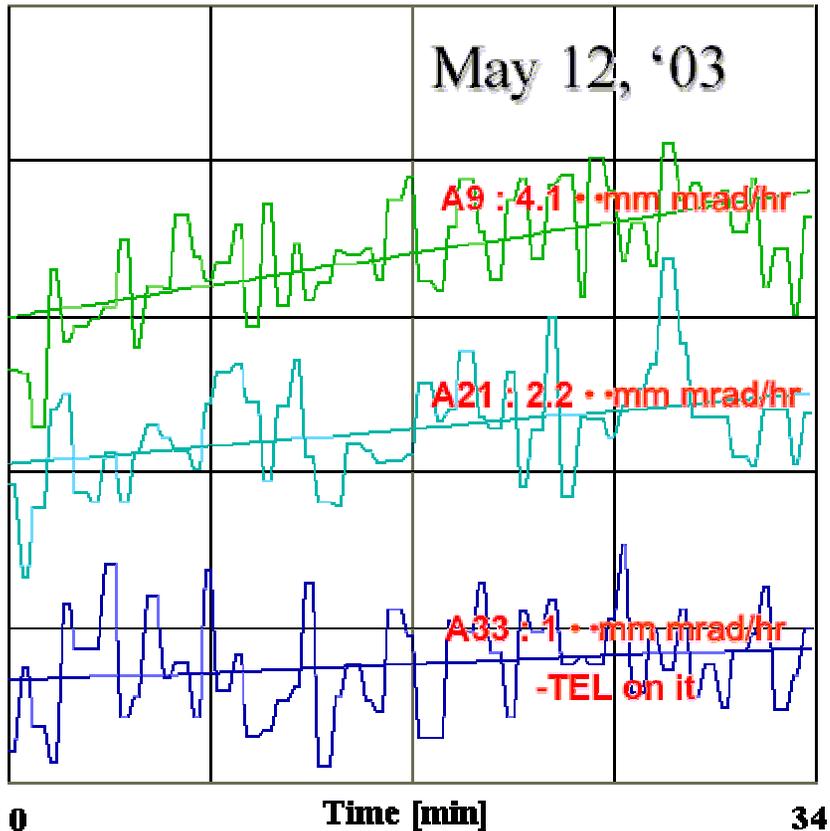


- Long-range interactions
  - Cause pbar losses during injection and ramp in Tevatron
  - Dominate dynamic aperture in LHC
- Two principal approaches:
  - Electron lens to compensate bunch-by-bunch tune shifts (Tevatron, Shiltsev et al.)
  - Wires cancel the  $1/r$  force of other beam (LHC, Koutchouk et al.)



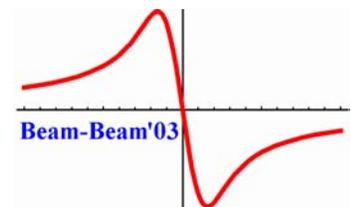
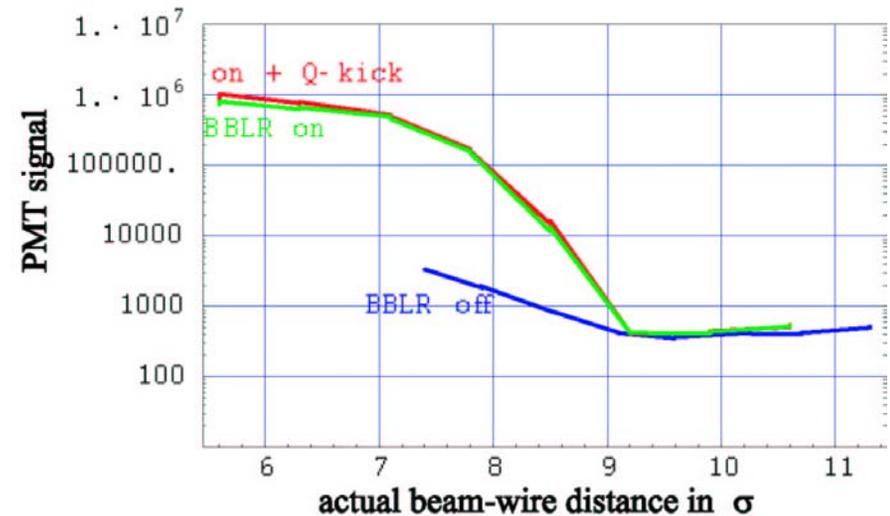
## 2. Can long-range compensations schemes work in practice?

Reduced emittance growth  
with TEL in TEST  
Store #2540

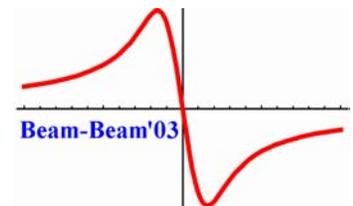


... TEL also used as a DC  
beam cleaner in HEP operation

SPS beam responds to wire simulating  
a beam at  $9 \sigma$ , with increased  
background production



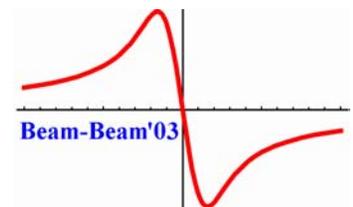
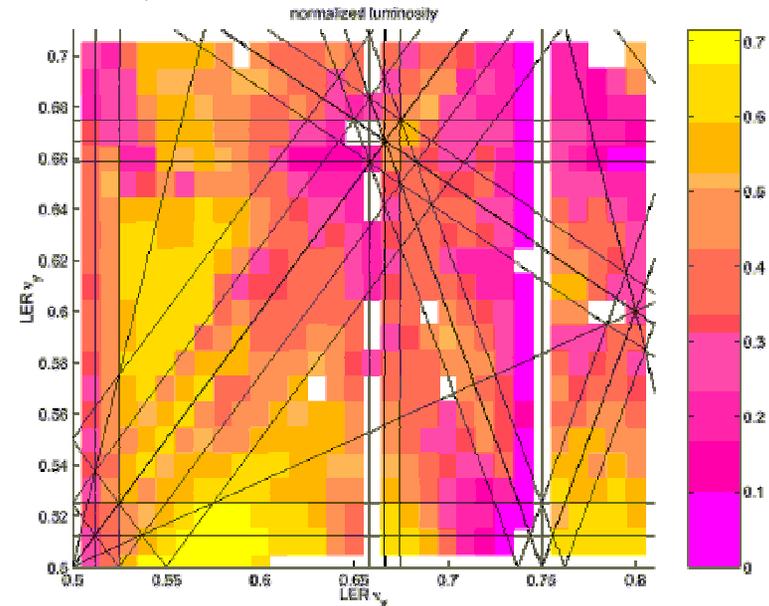
- Compensation effects of TEL must be demonstrated to be reproducible consistently
- With two TELs, tunes can be adjusted in both planes
- Installation of second SPS wire to study cancellation of effects of the first wire
- Wires are also under investigation for the Tevatron



### 3. What can be predicted with theory and simulations?

- Weak-strong simulations provide useful guidance for accelerator design
  - KEBK crossing angle decision
  - Reasonable agreement between measured and calculated dynamic aperture at Tevatron injection
  - LHC simulations show severity of long-range interactions
- Strong-strong simulations have gained real predictive power for lepton colliders
  - Luminosities reproduced within 10%
- Strong-strong codes should be benchmarked

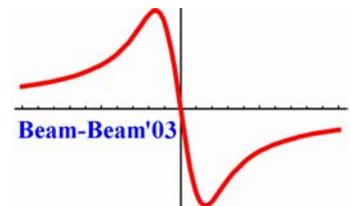
PEP-II Luminosity vs.  $(Q_x, Q_y)$   
Cai, Reichel



### 3. What can be predicted with theory and simulations?

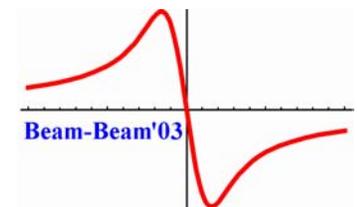
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- In hadron colliders, large discrepancy between time-scale accessible with strong-strong simulations ( $\sim$ second) and time scales of interest ( $\sim$ hour)
- For comparable time-scales better algorithms and more computing power is needed
- Can averaging techniques be used to develop early indicators?
- To gain confidence in strong-strong simulations, benchmarking with well-designed machine experiments is required

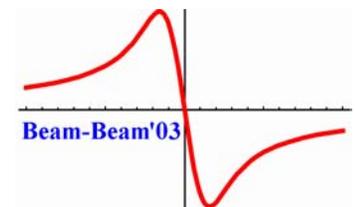


## Thanks to

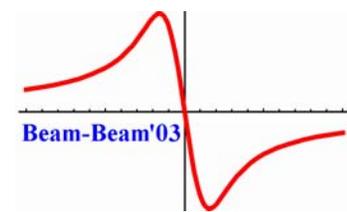
- The participants
- J. Wei, the driving force of HALO '03
- M. Campbell, P. Manning,  
S. LaMontagne, D. Zadow,  
N. Franco , F. Naase, ...  
for quiet but effective support



- F. Zimmermann, CERN  
“Halo formation from beam-beam interaction”
- Y. Alexahin, FNAL  
“Coherent beam-beam effects, theory and observations”
- L. Jin, University of Kansas  
“Collective beam-beam instability in HERA”
- W. Fischer, BNL  
“Strong-strong observations in RHIC”
- W. Kozanecki, CEA-Saclay/SLAC  
“Beam-beam performance of the SLAC b-factory”
- K. Ohmi, KEK-ACC  
“Collision with finite crossing angle”
- W. Fischer, BNL  
“Luminosity in RHIC with six superbunches”



- T. Sen, FNAL  
“Beam-beam interaction at the Tevatron”
- B. Erdelyi, FNAL  
“Simulation and experimental studies at the Tevatron”
- W. Fischer, BNL  
“Tune modulation from unequal radio frequencies”
- V. Shiltsev, FNAL  
“Status of beam-beam compensation with TEL”
- J. Shi, University of Kansas  
“Global and local long-range compensation with magnets”
- K. Ohmi, KEK-ACC  
“Beam-beam effect for neutralized beams”
- J. Ellison, University of New Mexico  
“Weak-strong: averaging and tune diagrams”
- L. Jin, University of Kansas  
“Importance of tune spread for collective instability”



- J. Rogers, Cornell  
“Beam-beam simulations for lepton machines”
- J. Shi, University of Kansas  
“Beam-beam simulations for hadron machines”
- J. Qiang, LBNL  
“Space charge and beam-beam simulations”
- J. Ellison, University of New Mexico  
“A new model for the 2DOF collective beam-beam interaction”
- J. Qiang, LBNL  
“A parallel computational tool for strong-strong / strong-weak beam-beam modeling”
- A. Sobol, University of New Mexico  
“Numerical calculation of the phase space density for the strong-strong beam-beam interaction”

